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FILE:

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Office: TEXAS SERVICE CENTER

Date: MAY 2 5 2004

IN RE:

Applicant:

APPLICATION:

Application for Temporary Protected Status under Section 244 of the Immigration

and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1254

ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT:

Self-represented

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

Robert P. Wiemann, Director Administrative Appeals Office **DISCUSSION:** The application was denied by the Acting Director, Texas Service Center, and is now before the Administrative Appeals Office on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The applicant is a native and citizen of El Salvador who is seeking Temporary Protected Status (TPS) under section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1254.

The acting district director determined that the applicant was ineligible for TPS because documentation in his file revealed that he was arrested and/or convicted of four misdemeanors. The acting director, therefore, denied the application.

On appeal, the applicant submits court dispositions of his arrests.

Section 244(c) of the Act, and the related regulations in 8 C.F.R. § 244.2, provide that an alien who is a national of a foreign state designated by the Attorney General is eligible for temporary protected status only if such alien establishes that he or she:

- (a) Is a national, as defined in section 101(a)(21) of the Act, of a foreign state designated under section 244(b) of the Act;
- (b) Has been continuously physically present in the United States since the effective date of the most recent designation of that foreign state;
- (c) Has continuously resided in the United States since such date as the Attorney General may designate;
- (d) Is admissible as an immigrant except as provided under section 244.3:
- (e) Is not ineligible under 8 C.F.R. § 244.4; and
- (f) Registers for TPS during the initial registration period announced by public notice in the *Federal Register*, or
 - (2) During any subsequent extension of such designation if at the time of the initial registration period:
 - (i) The applicant is a nonimmigrant or has been granted voluntary departure status or any relief from removal;
 - (ii) The applicant has an application for change of status, adjustment of status, asylum, voluntary departure, or any relief from removal which is pending or subject to further review or appeal;
 - (iii) The applicant is a parolee or has a pending request for reparole; or
 - (iv) The applicant is a spouse or child of an alien currently eligible to be a TPS registrant.

Pursuant to section 244(c)(2)(B)(i) of the Act and the related regulations in 8 C.F.R. § 244.4(a), an alien shall not be eligible for temporary protected status if the Attorney General [now the Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security (the Secretary)] finds that the alien has been convicted of any felony or two or more misdemeanors committed in the United States.

8 C.F.R. § 244.1 defines "felony" and "misdemeanor:"

Felony means a crime committed in the United States punishable by imprisonment for a term of more than one year, regardless of the term such alien actually served, if any, except when the offense is defined by the State as a misdemeanor, and the sentence actually imposed is one year or less regardless of the term such alien actually served. Under this exception for purposes of section 244 of the Act, the crime shall be treated as a misdemeanor.

Misdemeanor means a crime committed in the United States, either:

- (1) Punishable by imprisonment for a term of one year or less, regardless of the term such alien actually served, if any, or
- (2) A crime treated as a misdemeanor under the term "felony" of this section.

For purposes of this definition, any crime punishable by imprisonment for a maximum term of five days or less shall not be considered a felony or misdemeanor.

The record reflects the following:

- 1. On December 3, 2001, in the County Court, Dade County, Florida, Case No. 7394AYY, the applicant was found guilty of driving while license suspended with knowledge, in violation of Florida Statute (FS) 322.34(2), a misdemeanor. The applicant was sentenced to serve 20 weekends of jail time, and ordered to pay \$180 in fines and costs.
- 2, On June 5, 2000, in the County Court, Dade County, Florida, Case No. 047885W, the applicant was found guilty of driving under the influence of alcohol or drug, in violation of FS 316.193, a misdemeanor. The applicant was placed on probation for a period of 12 months, ordered to serve 10 weekends of jail time, ordered to pay \$927.25 in fines and costs, and his driver's license was suspended/revoked for 5 years.
- 3. On January 9, 1998, in the County Court, Dade County, Florida, Case No.414520X, the applicant was found guilty of driving under the influence, in violation of FS 316.193, a misdemeanor. The applicant was placed on probation for a period of 6 months, ordered to pay \$646.75 in fines and costs, his driver's license was suspended/revoked for 6 months, and ordered to complete 50 hours of community service.
- 4. On June 7, 1995, in the Circuit Court, Eleventh Judicial Circuit, Dade County, Florida, Case No. M95025706, the applicant was convicted of disorderly conduct, a misdemeanor. He was sentenced to credit for time served.

The applicant is ineligible for TPS, pursuant to section 244(c)(2)(B)(i) of the Act, based on his four misdemeanor convictions. There is no waiver available to an alien convicted of a felony or two or more misdemeanors committed in the United States.

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The burden of proof is upon the applicant to establish that he meets the requirements enumerated above and is otherwise eligible under the provisions of section 244 of the Act. The applicant has failed to meet this burden. Accordingly, the appeal will be dismissed.

ORDER:

The appeal is dismissed.